INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE

First aid

1. Basic information

Field of studies		Studies cycle	
field of medical and health	sciences, discipline: medical sciences		
Unit responsible for the fie	eld of studies	Course code	
Faculty of Medicine Bydgos	szcz University of Science and Technology	17-EMS-FAD-SP1	
Level of studies		Language	
Uniform master's studies		English	
Profile of studies		Obligatory	
General academic		Yes	
Form of studies			
Full-time			
Prerequisites	None		
Introductory courses	None		
Coordinator	Robert Włodarski, PhD		

Study period	Form of assessment Form and hours of classes	ECTS credits
Winter semester	Passing with a grade Simulation exercise 15h	1.0

2. Learning outcomes

Code	Description of learning outcomes	Learning outcomes reference
Knowledg	ge (student knows and understands):	
K1	The graduate knows and understands the consequences of exposing the human body to chemical and physical factors and the principles of prevention	C.W13.
K2	The graduate knows and understands the principles of disinfection, sterilization, and aseptic procedures	C.W17.
К3	The graduate knows and understands the symptoms of the most common acute poisonings with selected groups of drugs, alcohols, and other psychoactive substances, fungi, and heavy metals	C.W36.
K4	Graduates know and understand the basic principles of diagnostic and therapeutic procedures in cases of poisoning	C.W37.
K5	Graduates know and understand the specifics and role of verbal communication (conscious construction of messages) and non-verbal communication (e.g., facial expressions, gestures, management of silence and space)	D.W7.

K6	Graduates know and understand patient rights and the concept of patient welfare	D.W16.
K7	Graduates know and understand the concepts of patient safety and safety culture and their organizational, communication, and management aspects.	D.W20.
K8	Graduates know and understand the rules of conduct in case of exposure to potentially infectious material	E.W34.
К9	The graduate knows and understands the guidelines for cardiopulmonary resuscitation of newborns, children, and adults	F.W9.
K10	The graduate knows and understands the most common life-threatening conditions in children and adults and the principles of management in these conditions, in particular in: 1) sepsis 2) shock 3) hemorrhages 4) water-electrolyte and acid-base disorders 5) poisoning 6) burns, hypo- and hyperthermia 7) other acute conditions of: a) cardiovascular, b) respiratory, c) neurological, d) renal, e) oncological and hematological, f) diabetological and endocrinological, g) psychiatric, h) ophthalmological, i) ENT, j) gynecological, obstetric, and urological	F.W10.
Abilities	(student can do/perform):	
A1	Graduates are able to respect patient rights.	D.U3.
A2	Graduates are able to recognize their own emotions and manage them in their relationships with others in order to perform their work effectively despite their own emotional reactions.	D.U8.
A3	Graduates are able to use open-ended and closed-ended questions, paraphrasing, clarification, internal and final summaries, signaling, active listening (e.g., picking up and recognizing signals sent by the interlocutor, verbal and nonverbal techniques) and facilitation appropriately to the situation (encouraging the interlocutor to speak)	D.U10.
A4	The graduate is able to adapt the manner of verbal communication to the patient's needs, expressing themselves in an understandable way and avoiding medical jargon	D.U11.
A5	The graduate is able to recognize and analyze difficult situations and challenges related to communication, including crying, strong emotions, anxiety, interruptions, awkward and sensitive issues, silence, withdrawal, aggressive and demanding behavior, and deal with them in a constructive manner	D.U12.
A6	Graduates are able to collect information from adults, including the elderly, using biomedical and patient perspective skills	E.U1.
A7	The graduate is able to collect information from a child and their guardians, using skills related to the content, process, and perception of communication, taking into account the biomedical perspective and the patient's perspective	E.U2.

A8	The graduate is able to collect information in a situation threatening health and life using the SAMPLE scheme (S – Symptoms (symptoms), A – Allergies, M – Medications, P – Past medical history, L – Last meal, E – Events prior to injury/illness)	E.U3.
A9	Graduates are able to recognize the symptoms of risky and harmful alcohol use and problematic use of other psychoactive substances, symptoms of addiction to psychoactive substances and behavioral addictions, and propose appropriate therapeutic and medical treatment	E.U11.
A10	The graduate is able to recognize conditions requiring hospital treatment	E.U12.
A11	The graduate is able to perform medical procedures and treatments, including: 1) measurement and assessment of basic vital functions (temperature, heart rate, blood pressure) and monitoring them using a cardiac monitor and pulse oximeter	E.U14.
A12	The graduate is able to determine the death of a patient	E.U16.
A13	The graduate is able to temporarily immobilize a limb, including selecting the type of immobilization in typical clinical situations and checking the correct blood supply to the limb after applying an immobilizing dressing	F.U6.
A14	The graduate is able to immobilize the cervical and thoracolumbar spine after injury	F.U7.
A15	The graduate is able to treat external bleeding	F.U8.
A16	The graduate is able to perform basic life support (BLS) on newborns and children in accordance with the guidelines of the European Resuscitation Council (ERC)	F.U9.
A17	The graduate is able to perform basic life support (BLS) procedures in adults, including the use of an automated external defibrillator, in accordance with ERC guidelines	F.U11.
A18	The graduate is able to recognize medical problems and determine priorities in medical treatment.	O.U1.
A19	The graduate is able to recognize life-threatening conditions requiring immediate medical intervention.	O.U2.
A20	The graduate is able to implement appropriate and safe therapeutic procedures and predict their effects.	O.U4.
A21	Graduates are able to communicate with patients and their families in an atmosphere of trust, taking into account the needs of the patient, and convey unfavorable information using the principles of professional communication.	O.U7.
A22	Graduates are able to communicate within a team and share knowledge.	O.U8.

Social ski	Social skills (the student is ready to):		
S1	Graduates are ready to be guided by the patient's well-being	O.K2.	
S2	Graduates are ready to draw conclusions from their own measurements or observations	O.K8.	
S3	Graduates are ready to accept responsibility for decisions made in the course of their professional activities, including in terms of their own safety and that of others.	O.K11.	

3. Programme contents

No.		Programme contents		Learning outcomes covered by the programme content
1	cardiopu	Simulation exercises during which students will learn the principles of cardiopulmonary resuscitation, first aid for victims, and selected nursing procedures. Simulation exercises include:		K1, K2, K3, K4, K5, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, A6,
	2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Dealing with an unconscious victim, assessing the victim according to the ABC scheme, safe position, calling for medical help. Techniques for clearing the airways without instruments. Assisted ventilation: mouth-to-mouth, mouth-to-nose, mouth-to-mouth/nose, pocket mask, self-inflating bag with mask. Chest compression technique. Technique for performing cardiopulmonary resuscitation in adults and children. Use of an automated external defibrillator. Rules for providing first aid in life-threatening situations (choking, loss of consciousness, fainting, chest pain, stroke, seizures). Principles of assessing a conscious patient according to the ABC scheme and collecting basic medical history. Principles of performing selected nursing procedures (measuring blood pressure, obtaining intravenous access, administering drugs by various routes). Ethical issues related to performing cardiopulmonary		A3, A4, A5, A6, A7, A8, A9, A10, A11, A12, A13, A14, A15, A16, A17, A18, A19, A20, A21, A22, S1, S2, S3
		resuscitation.		
2	2.	Specific characteristics of trauma patients. Assessment of morbidity and injury mechanism—consequences. Life-threatening and immediate life-threatening conditions. Patient examination according to the ABCDE (C-ABCDE) scheme. Physical examination according to the SAMPLE scheme. Decision-making and patient information management. Communication with the patient. Shock: definition, types, first aid for patients in shock. Principles of teamwork – roles, communication, feedback. Principles of assessing and securing the scene. Organization of rescue operations. Trauma assessment according to the ITLS scheme. Most common injuries, symptoms, how to examine specific areas of the body.	Simulation exercise	K1, K2, K3, K4, K5, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, A6, A7, A8, A9, A10, A11, A12, A13, A14, A15, A16, A17, A18, A19, A20, A21, A22, S1, S2, S3

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	3.	First aid and rescue in thermal injuries (burns, hyperthermia),		
		chemical injuries, electrical injuries. Environmental hazards of		
		biological origin.		
	4.	Organization of rescue operations in multiple and mass incidents.		
		Rescue tactics. Communication in difficult conditions. Medical		
		triage. Management and logistics of rescue operations. Incidents		
		involving CBRN materials.		
3	Providir	ng medical assistance to a casualty in a life-threatening condition of	Simulation	K1, K2, K3, K4,
		l origin:	exercise	K5, K6, K7, K8,
				K9, K10, A1, A2,
	1.	Head, spinal and long bone injuries		A3, A4, A5, A6,
	2.	Practical skills:		A7, A8, A9, A10,
		a. removing a motorbike helmet		A11, A12, A13,
		b. use of an orthopaedic collar and board		A14, A15, A16,
		c. use of a pick-up stretcher and vacuum mattress		A17, A18, A19,
		d. immobilisation of limb fractures and dislocations (Kramer		A20, A21, A22,
		splint, vacuum splint, alternative methods of fracture		S1, S2, S3
		immobilisation)		, - ,
	3.	Neurogenic shock - symptoms and diagnosis and treatment		
	4.	Penetrating injuries (wounds, external haemorrhage		
		management)		
	5.	Thoracic injuries (flaccid chest, rib fracture)		
	6.	Abdominal and pelvic injuries		
	7.	Burns		
	8.	Practical skills:		
		a. securing evisceration		
		b. performing pelvic stabilisation		
		c. dressing burns		
4	Manage	ement of the patient in immediate life-threatening conditions:	Simulation	K1, K2, K3, K4,
			exercise	K5, K6, K7, K8,
	1.	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation		K9, K10, A1, A2,
	2.	Communication with the dispatch centre		A3, A4, A5, A6,
	3.	Simulation exercises on trainers and simulators		A7, A8, A9, A10,
		a. confirmation of cardiac arrest		A11, A12, A13,
		b. rapid assessment and identification of heart rhythm		A14, A15, A16,
		c. principles of safe manual defibrillation		A17, A18, A19,
		d. safe position		A20, A21, A22,
		e. cardiopulmonary resuscitation		S1, S2, S3
	4.	Simulated scenarios - cardiopulmonary resuscitation using manual		, - ,
		defibrillator, instrumented upper airway management and		
		identification of reversible causes of cardiac arrest		
5	Exercise	es in assisting victims with various injuries learnt in previous classes	Simulation	K1, K2, K3, K4,
-		ated scenarios.	exercise	K5, K6, K7, K8,
				K9, K10, A1, A2,
				A3, A4, A5, A6,
				A7, A8, A9, A10,
				A11, A12, A13,
				A11, A12, A13, A14, A15, A16,
				A17, A18, A19,
				A20, A21, A22,
				\$1, \$2, \$3
				01, 02, 00

4. Methods of verifying and assessing the learning outcomes achieved by the student

Winter semester

Form of studies				
	Methods of studies form:			
	Discussion, Demonstration, Case study, Grou	ıp work		
Simulation	Methods of verification:	Involvement:		
exercise	Activity	20%		
	Observation 20%			
	Case study	20%		
	Written test	40%		
	Conditions for passing the course:			
	Successful completion of the module requires the	following conditions:		
	1. the absence of unexcused and unmade up absences from classes			
	2. preparation for classes according to previously known issues and active participation in classes			
	3. passing of a test examination: single-choice test, 30 questions within 20 minutes. Detailed assessment criteria according to the guidelines in the Academic Regulations.			

Learning outcomes	Methods of verification			
	Written test	Case study	Activity	Observation
K1	Х	Х	Х	Х
K2	Х	Х	X	Х
К3	Х	Х	Х	Х
К4	Х	Х	Х	Х
K5	х	Х	Х	Х
К6		Х	Х	Х
К7		Х	Х	Х
К8		Х	Х	Х
К9	х	Х	Х	Х
K10		Х	Х	Х

A1	Х	X	Х
A2	Х	Х	Х
А3	Х	Х	Х
A4	Х	Х	Х
A5	Х	Х	Х
A6	Х	Х	Х
A7	Х	Х	Х
A8	Х	Х	Х
A9	Х	Х	Х
A10	Х	Х	Х
A11	Х	Х	Х
A12	Х	Х	Х
A13	Х	Х	Х
A14	Х	Х	Х
A15	Х	Х	Х
A16	Х	Х	Х
A17	Х	Х	Х
A18	Х	Х	Х
A19	Х	Х	Х
A20	Х	Х	Х
A21	Х	Х	Х
A22	Х	Х	Х
S1	Х	х	Х
S2	Х	х	Х
\$3	Х	Х	Х

5. Student workload – balance of hours and ECTS credits

Students activity		Student workload Number of hours
Classes conducted with the direct participation of an academic teacher or other persons conducting classes	Simulation Exercise	15
Student's own work	Preparing for classes	3

	Studying literature	2
	Preparing for a test	5
Total student workload		25
ECTS		1

One (teaching) hour is 45 minutes.

6. Literature

The list of required and recommended literature will be provided by the lecturer at the first meeting.