Course code:		Plan position:	
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1. INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE

A. Basic information

Name of course	Biology of wild game
Field of studies	
Level of studies	
Profile of studies	General Academic
Form of studies	Stationary
Specialty	
Unit responsible for the field of studies	Faculty of Animal Breeding and Biology
Name and academic degree of teacher(s)	Kirkiłło-Stacewicz Krzysztof, PhD
Introductory courses	Ecology, zoology, animal morphology
Introductory requirements	None

B. Semester/week schedule of classes

Semester	Lectures (W)	Auditorium classes	Laboratory classes	Project classes	Seminar	Field classes	Number of ECTS points
	, ,	(Ć)	(L)	(P)	(S)	(T)	
Winter /		25					5
summer							

2. LEARNING OUTCOME

No.	Learning outcomes description	The reference to the learning outcomes of specific field of study	The reference to the learning outcomes for the area		
	KNOWLEDGE				
W1	He knows systematics, morphology, anatomy, ecology and behaviourism of wild game				
	SKILLS				
U1	He is able to identify the species of game animals, to recognize their age and gender, to determine their importance to the environment and the economy				
	SOCIAL COMPETENCES				
K1	Student is open to the problems of species conservation and management of animal populations				
K2	He is prepared for independent work in institutions and organizations associated with hunting and forestry				

3. TEACHING METHODS

multimedia presentation, demonstration, discussion, films

4. METHODS OF EXAMINATION

presentation, colloquium

5. SCOPE

Auditorium classes	Wild game - division and characteristics of each group.
	<i>Red deer</i> – the number and distribution; biology; the morphological characteristics,
	the construction of the skull, teeth; age determination on the basis of the posture
	and after shooting. Antler characteristics in a specific species of deer.
	Elk – the number and distribution, biology; the morphological characteristics, sex
	and age identification, antler characteristics, the importance of the species.
	<i>Fallow deer</i> – the number and distribution, biology; the importance of the species.
	<i>Roe deer</i> – the number and distribution, biology; the importance of the species.
	Mouflon - the number, distribution and biology.
	Wild boar – the number and distribution, biology and economic importance of
	hunts. Determination of the morphological characteristics of each age class in wild
	boar, determination of age.
	Biology of brown hare and wild rabbit.
	Carnivores: fox, raccoon dog, wolf – biology, the number and distribution.
	Game birds - pheasant, partridge.
	Wild ducks and wild geese - behaviourism of game birds. Identification of the
	species.

6. METHODS OF VERIFICATION OF LEARNING OUTCOMES

LEARNING	Form of assessment					
OUTCOME	Oral examination	Written exam	Colloquium	Project	Presentation	
W1			X		X	
U1			X		X	
K1			X		X	
K2			X		X	

7. LITERATURE

Basic literature	1. Brown Robert D. The biology of deer, Springer-Verlag New York Inc., 2011.
	2. Hewitt David G. Biology and Management of White-tailed Deer. CRC Press,
	2011.
	3. Macdonald D., Loveridge A. Biology and Conservation of Wild Carnivores: The
	Canids and the Felids. Oxford University Press, 2010
Supplementary	Hunting and nature monographs of wild game
literature	Hunting magazines

8. TOTAL STUDENT WORKLOAD REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES EXPRESSED IN TIME AND ECTS CREDITS

S	Student workload— number of hours	
Classes conducted under a	Participation in classes indicated in point 1B	25
direct supervision of an	Supervision hours	5

academic teacher or other persons responsible for classes		
	Preparation for classes	25
Student's own work	Reading assignments	40
	Other (preparation for exams, tests, carrying	30
	out a project etc)	
Total student workload		125
	Number of ECTS points	5